

MARKING SCHEME SOCIAL SCIENCE (DELHI)

SECONDARY SCHOOL EXAMINATION

MARCH 2015

CODE NO. 32/1/2

Q.NO.	EXPECTED ANSWERS/ VALUE POINTS	Page No.	MARKS
1	The Indian Government put barrier to foreign trade and foreign investment after independence to protect the producers within the country from foreign competition.	Pg-64(E)	1
2	Manufacturing activity tends to locate at the most appropriate place where all the factors of industrial locations are either available or can be arranged at a lower cost.	Pg-66(G)	1
3	A political party is a group of people who come together to contest elections to hold power in the government.	Pg-72(D.P.)	1
4	To purchase electrical goods :- ISI logo	Pg-85(E)	1
5	Role of FEDECOR: The protest against water privatization in Bolivia was led by FEDECOR and it made the government concede to all the demands of the protesters.	Pg-62(D.P.)	1
6	Investment:- The money that is spent to buy assets such as land, building, machines and other equipment is called investment.	Pg-57(E)	1
7	Challenge before a political party controlled by members of one family : Challenge of dynastic succession	Pg-84(D.P.)	1
8	The French Revolution led to the transfer of sovereignty from the monarchy to a body of French Citizen. <u>OR</u> Vietnam was also linked to what has been called the maritime silk route . It brought goods, people and ideas. Other networks of trade connected it to the hinterland.	Pg-5(H) Pg-30(H)	1

<p>9</p>	<p>Multi-party System :-</p> <p>If several parties compete for power and more than two parties have a reasonable chance of coming to power either on their own strength or in alliance with others, we call it a Multi-party system. 1</p> <p>India adopted a multi party system because :-</p> <p>i.) There is social and geographical diversity in India.</p> <p>ii.) India is such a large country which is not easily absorbed by two or three parties.</p> <p>iii.)The system allows a variety of interests and opinions to enjoy political representation.</p> <p>iv.) Any other relevant point.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any two points to be explained. <p style="text-align: right;">2x1=2</p>	<p>Pg-77(D.P.)</p>	<p>1+2=3</p>
<p>10</p>	<p>The Non-Cooperation Movement gradually slow down in the cities because:</p> <p>i.) Khadi clothes were more expensive than mill clothes.</p> <p>ii.) Poor people could not afford to buy it.</p> <p>iii.)The boycott of British institutions posed a problem.</p> <p>iv.) Students and teachers began trickling back to government schools.</p> <p>v.) Lawyers joined back work in government courts.</p> <p>vi.) Any other relevant point.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any three points to be explained. 	<p>Pg-58(H)</p>	<p>3x1 = 3</p>
<p>11</p>	<p>Lack of internal democracy within parties – major challenges :</p> <p>i.) Tendency in political parties towards the concentration of power in one or few leaders at the top.</p> <p>ii.) Parties do not keep membership registers.</p> <p>iii.)They do not hold organizational meetings.</p> <p>iv.) They do not conduct internal elections regularly.</p>		

	<p>v.) Ordinary members of the party do not get sufficient information about the happening of the party.</p> <p>vi.) Personal loyalty to the leader becomes more important.</p> <p>vii.) Any other relevant point.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any three points to be analysed. 	Pg-83(D.P.)	3x1=3
12	<p>Conditions in which markets do not work in a fair manner:</p> <p>i.) When producers are few and powerful.</p> <p>ii.) When consumers purchase in small amounts.</p> <p>iii.) When consumers are scattered.</p> <p>iv.) When large companies have monopoly in production of goods as they have huge wealth and can manipulate the market in various ways.</p> <p>v.) Passing on false information through media and other sources to attract the consumers.</p> <p>vi.) Any other relevant point.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any three points to be explained. 	Pg-76(E)	3x1=3
13	<p>Agriculture gives boost to the industrial sector:</p> <p>i.) Agriculture provides raw material to industries.</p> <p>ii.) Agriculture provides market for industrial products.</p> <p>iii.) Agriculture helps boost new industrial products.</p> <p>iv.) The industries such as cotton, jute, silk, woolen textiles, sugar and edible oil, etc. are based on agricultural raw materials.</p> <p>v.) Any other relevant point.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any three points to be explained. 	Pg-67(G)	3x1=3

<p>14</p>	<p>Transformation of our markets :</p> <p>i.) There is a wide choice of goods and services before us in the market. The latest models of digital cameras, mobile phones and televisions made by the leading manufacturers of the world are within our reach.</p> <p>ii.) Every season new model of automobiles can be seen on Indian roads and the Indians are buying vehicles produced by the top companies of the world.</p> <p>iii.) A similar explosion of brands can be seen for many other goods from shirts to televisions to processed fruit juices.</p> <p>iv.) Any other relevant point.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any three points to be explained. 	<p>Pg-55(E)</p>	<p>3x1=3</p>
<p>15</p>	<p>Democracy is more effective than its other alternatives:</p> <p>i.) Democracy promotes equality among citizens.</p> <p>ii.) It enhances the dignity of the individual.</p> <p>iii.) It also improves the quality of decision making.</p> <p>iv.) It provides a method to resolve conflicts.</p> <p>v.) It gives room to correct mistakes.</p> <p>vi.) Democratic government is legitimate government.</p> <p>vii.) Democracy's ability to generate its own support is itself an outcome that cannot be ignored.</p> <p>viii.) Any other relevant point.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any three points to be justified. 	<p>Pg-91,92(D.P.)</p>	<p>3x1=3</p>
<p>16</p>	<p>Necessity for the banks and cooperative societies to increase their lending facilities in rural areas:</p> <p>i.) Dependence on informal sources of credit reduces.</p> <p>ii.) To provide more loan facilities to rural households.</p> <p>iii.) To save rural people from exploitation.</p> <p>iv.) It is important that the formal credit is distributed more equally so that</p>		

19	<p>The mining activity is injurious to the health of the miners and environment:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i.) The dust and noxious fumes inhaled by miners make them vulnerable to pulmonary diseases. ii.) The risk of collapsing mine roofs. iii.) Inundation and fires in coalmines are a constant threat to miners. iv.) The water sources in the region get contaminated due to mining. v.) Dumping of waste and slurry leads to degradation of land, soil and increase in stream and river pollution. vi.) Any other relevant point. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any three points to be explained. 	Pg-56(G)	3x1=3
20	<p>The following steps can be taken for saving energy :-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i.) Judicious use of energy resources. ii.) Use of public transport/ car pool. iii.) To use bicycle for short distances. iv.) Switching off electrical gadgets when not in use. v.) Regular cleaning of gas burners and switching off the gas regulator when not in use. vi.) Avoid using refrigerator/ A.C. when not needed. vii.) Creating awareness in neighbourhood with catchy slogans. viii.) As India has been blessed with abundance of sunlight, water, wind and biomass, we must use these to overcome present day energy crisis. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Since it is a value based question, children's view reflecting local conditions and additional points may be given due consideration. 	Pg-62(G)	3x1=3
21	<p>The unification of Italy:</p> <p>During the middle of the 19th century, Italy was divided into seven states. During 1830, Mazzini decided to unite Italy. He had formed a secret society – ‘Young Italy’ to achieve his goal. After earlier failures in 1831 and 1848 King Victor Emmanuel II took to unify the Italian states through wars.</p>		

	<p>ii.) Promotion of energy conservation.</p> <p>iii.) Increased use of renewable energy resources.</p> <p>iv.) Judicious use of energy resources.</p> <p>v.) Use of public transport/ car pool.</p> <p>vi.) Switching off electrical gadgets when not in use.</p> <p>vii.) Any other relevant point.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any three points to be explained. 3x1=3 	Pg-58,63(G)	2+3=5
24	<p>Pressure groups and movements exert influence on politics in various ways:</p> <p>i.) Pressure groups and movements try to gain public support and sympathy for their goals and activities.</p> <p>ii.) They often organize protest activities.</p> <p>iii.) Business groups often employ professional lobbyists.</p> <p>iv.) The pressure groups are either formed or led by the leaders and political parties.</p> <p>v.) Sometimes political parties grow out of movements.</p> <p>vi.) In most cases the relationship between parties and pressure groups is not so direct.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any five points to be explained. 	Pg-67(D.P.)	5x1=5
25	<p>Nationalism spreads when people begin to believe that they are all part of the same nation. The sense of collective belonging came partly through the experience of united struggles. Variety of cultural processes through which nationalism captured people's imagination. History and fiction, folklore and songs helped promotion of nationalism. Literature also helped to arouse national feelings. The ideas of nationalism also developed through the celebration of regional festivals. As the national movement developed nationalist leaders became more and more of icons and symbols in unifying and inspiring in them a feeling of nationalism.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To be assessed as a whole. 	Pg-70(H)	5

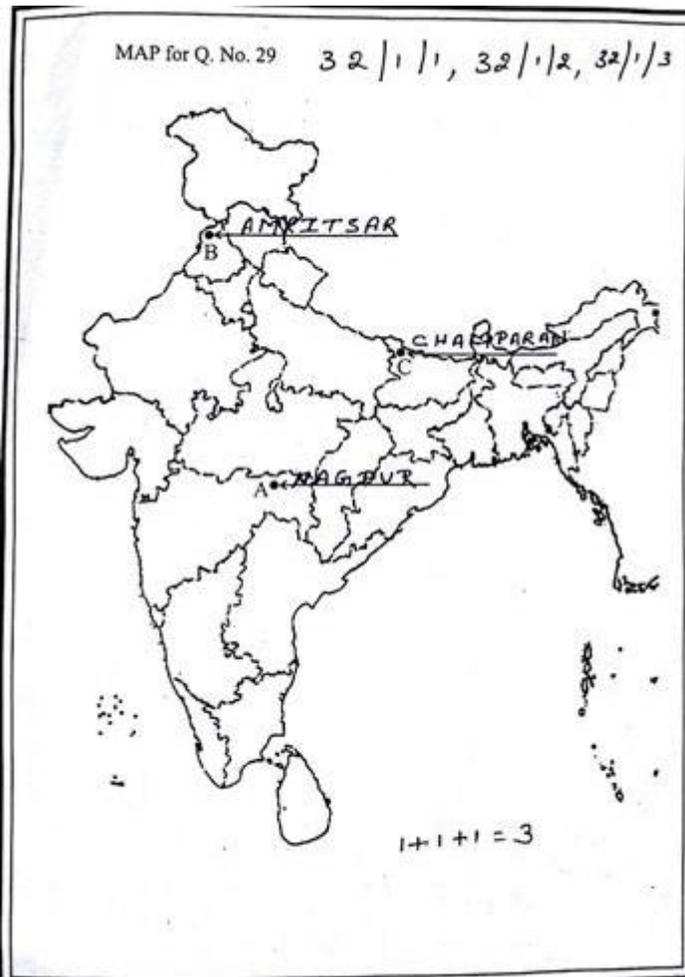
26	<p>The physiographic and economic factors that have influenced the distribution pattern of the railway network in our country:</p> <p>Physiographic factors:</p> <p>i.) Terrain : a.) Mountain b.) Plateau c.) Plain d.) Desert</p> <p>Economic factors:</p> <p>i.) Agricultural development ii.) Industrial development</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any five points to be explained in relation to population. 	Pg-85(G)	5x1=5
27	<p>The deposits with banks beneficial for individual as well as for nation:</p> <p>i.) Banks accept deposit and also pay an amount as interest and in this way people earn money.</p> <p>ii.) People's money is safe with banks.</p> <p>iii.) It is easy for individuals to get credit who have savings and current account in the banks.</p> <p>iv.) Poor people who are engaged in production need credit.</p> <p>v.) Credit provided by the banks for government projects help in development of the nation.</p> <p>vi.) Banks provide loans for the promotion of International trade.</p> <p>vii.) Development of infrastructure is under taken with the loans provided by the banks.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any five points to be explained. 	Pg-40,41(E)	5x1=5
28	<p>Functions of political parties:</p> <p>i.) Parties contest elections.</p> <p>ii.) They put forward policies and programmes.</p> <p>iii.) Parties play a decisive role in making laws.</p>		

- iv.) Parties form and run government.
 - v.) Defeated parties in the election play its role of opposition to the parties in power.
 - vi.) Parties shape public opinion.
 - vii.) Parties provide people access to government machinery and welfare schemes.
- Any five points to be described.

Pg-73,74(D.P.)

5x1=5

29



For blind students:

- 29.1 Kolkata/Calcutta
- 29.2 Amritsar
- 29.3 Champaran

1x3=3



For blind students:

- 30.1 Karnataka
- 30.2 Silchar
- 30.3 Gujarat

1x3=3